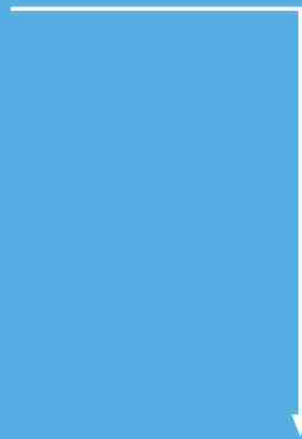




EXIDE
Powersafe

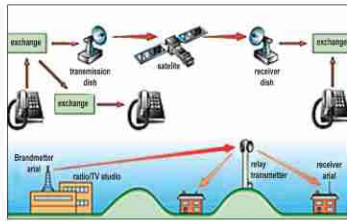


**SEALED MAINTENANCE FREE
VRLA BATTERIES
FOR
TELECOM APPLICATION**

INDUSTRIAL

Introduction to EXIDE

- India's number one storage battery manufacturing company, having one of the largest range of batteries in the world covering the entire gamut of applications from motor cycles to large commercial vehicles; from small UPS batteries to gigantic Submarine batteries
- Market leader in battery business for more than half a century
- Largest network in India with 4 Regional Offices, 24 Branch Offices & 30 Power Centres
- 8 factories strategically located across the country, with each factory specializing on specific range of products
- Full fledged in-house R&D facility in Kolkata backed by long term strategic and technical collaborations with other leading global manufacturers like
 - Shin Kobe Electric Machinery Co., Japan
 - The Furukawa battery Co., Japan
- ISO 9001 certified organization
- ISO 14001 certified Eco friendly manufacturing process
- Most reliable power back up provider for Telecommunication Applications for both mobile and fixed networks



The Technical Edge of SMF URLA Battery of Exide

HASSLE FREE HANDLING & EASY INSTALLATION

- No water topping up required ever resulting in saving of hundreds of litres of distilled water and manpower required for topping up throughout life of the battery.
- Factory Charged & Ready to use and hence no delay between receipt and use resulting in instant power source.
- Modular design ensures easy handling and Installation hence does not require any specially trained manpower for installation.
- Sealed with no free acid.

SPACE ECONOMY

- Sealed construction allows use in any orientation without leakage / spillage, without affecting the performance and hence resulting in saving of floor space.

ECO FRIENDLY

- Superior Cadmium free grid alloy
- The gas recombination technology cycle effectively nullifies generation of gas during normal use resulting in no emission of corrosive fumes under normal operative conditions and hence no elaborate air exhaust system is required.

SUPERIOR PERFORMANCE

- Enhanced plate length for high power density
- Excellent recovery from deep discharge
- Low self discharge

SAFETY

- Better Thermal Management in the system
- Resistant to thermal runaway due to lead calcium tin alloy
- Flame Arrestor fitted safety valve.

LIFE

- Service life comparable with the best of the international makes.
- Designed life is 20 yrs at 27°C under ideal float condition
- 4000 cycles at 20 % DOD
- 1800 cycles at 50 % DOD
- 1400 cycles at 80 % DOD

LOW SELF DISCHARGE

- Antimony free alloy and hence self discharge less than 0.5% per week of C₁₀ capacity at 27°C
- Low self discharge allows the battery to be stored for 3-6 months depending on ambient temperature and with occasional freshening charges, there is no subsequent loss of performance.

PERFORMANCE CONFORMING TO :

- TEC : GR/BAT-01/03.MAR 2004 with latest amendment
- JIS : C 8704 – 2 : 1999
- IEC : 60896 – 21 & 22
- ANSI : T1 330 (US specification for Telecom battery)
- RDSO : IRS S93-96 with latest amendment

Float voltage settings

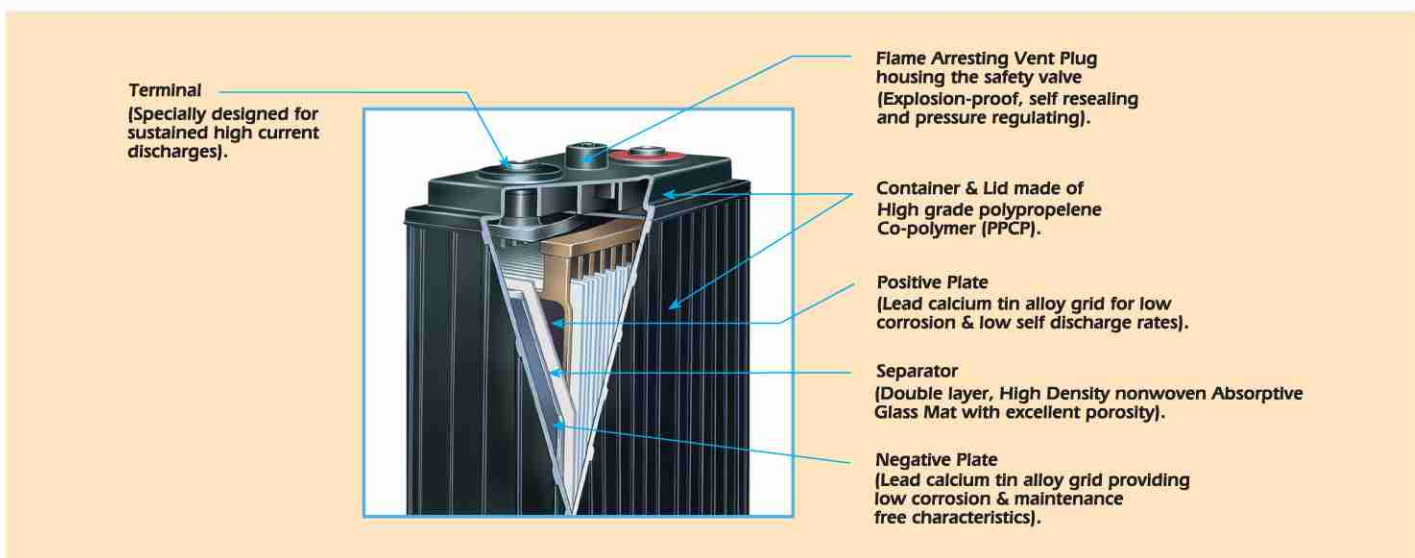
- Recommended Float Voltages

| AMBIENT TEMP (°C) | RECOMMENDED FLOAT VOLTAGE PER CELL (VOLT) | MAXIMUM CHARGING CURRENT (AMPERE) |
|-------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| -5 to 14 | 2.27+/-0.02 | 0.15C |
| 15 to 24 | 2.25+/-0.02 | 0.15C |
| 25 to 34 | 2.23+/-0.02 | 0.15C |
| 35 to 40 | 2.20+/-0.02 | 0.15C |

C : Nominal 10 hr. capacity of the battery at 27°C

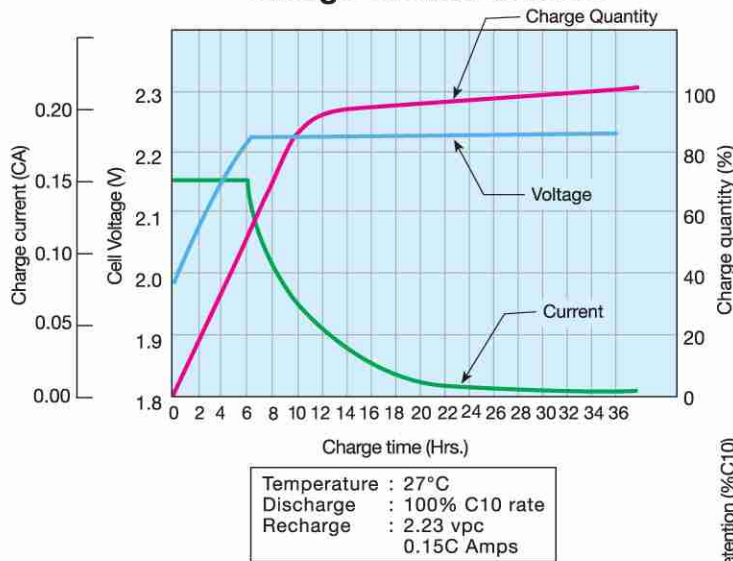
Exploded diagram of cell with basic reaction diagram

Construction

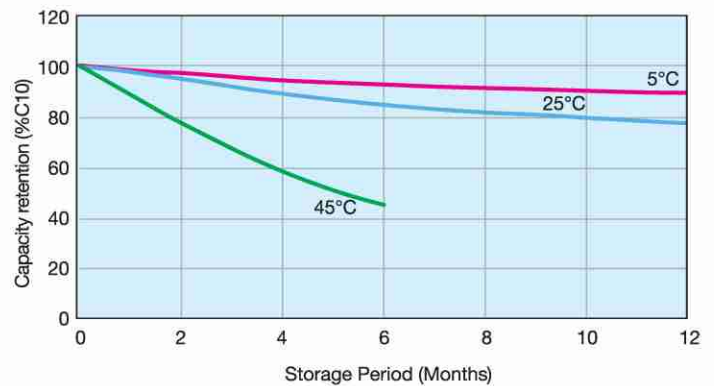


Characteristics of URLA Batteries

Charge Characteristics

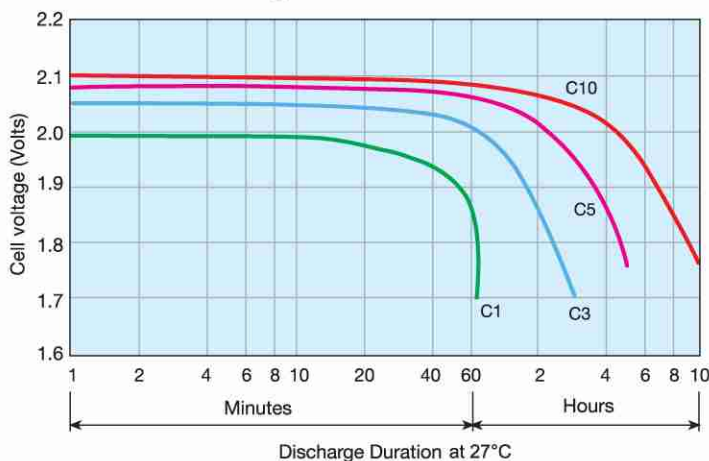


Capacity Retention Characteristics

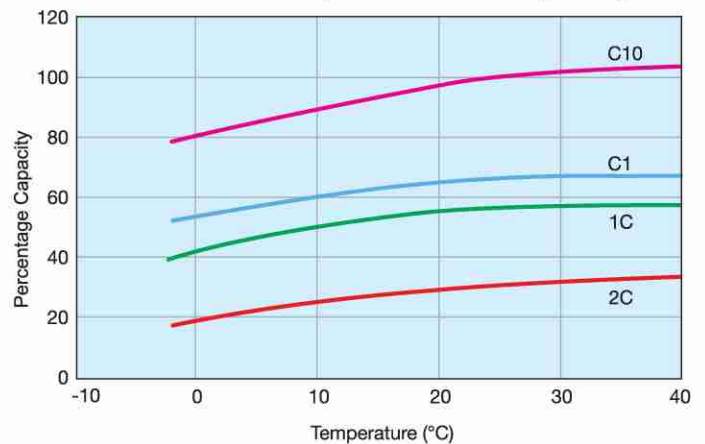


- Supplementary charge is recommended before capacity retention ratio drops less than 80%.

Discharge Characteristics



Effect of Temperature on Capacity



Technical Specifications

Table 1a : NEPST Module Dimension

| Battery type | Capacity @ 10 hr/ 1.75V | Module nominal voltage | Module dimension | | | Weight (Kg) +/- 5% |
|--------------|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|
| | | | L(mm) +/- 5 | D(mm) +/- 5 | H(mm) +/- 5 | |
| NEPST | 200 | 12 | 703 | 423 | 268 | 87 |
| NEPST | 240 | 12 | 703 | 423 | 268 | 96 |
| NEPST | 280 | 12 | 703 | 423 | 268 | 108 |
| NEPST | 300 | 12 | 682 | 424 | 292 | 114 |
| NEPST | 400 | 8 | 733 | 415 | 236 | 118 |

Table 1b : MST / NMST Module Dimension

| Battery type | Capacity @ 10 hr/ 1.75V | Module nominal voltage | Module dimension | | | Weight (Kg) +/- 5% |
|--------------|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|
| | | | L(mm) +/- 5 | D(mm) +/- 5 | H(mm) +/- 5 | |
| NMST | 500 | 8 | 789 | 540 | 255 | 148 |
| NMST | 600 | 8 | 789 | 540 | 255 | 166 |
| NMST | 800 | 4 | 462 | 540 | 363 | 122 |
| NMST | 1000 | 4 | 462 | 540 | 363 | 145 |
| NMST | 1250 | 4 | 436 | 540 | 511 | 179 |
| NMST | 1500 | 4 | 436 | 540 | 511 | 200 |
| NMST | 2000 | 2 | 436 | 540 | 363 | 145 |
| NMST | 2500 | 2 | 436 | 540 | 511 | 179 |
| NMST | 3000 | 2 | 436 | 540 | 511 | 200 |
| NMST | 4000 | 2 | 872 | 540 | 363 | 290 |
| NMST | 5000 | 2 | 872 | 540 | 511 | 358 |
| NMST | 6000 | 2 | 872 | 540 | 511 | 400 |

Table 2a : NEPST 48V System Configuration & Overall Dimension

| Battery type | Capacity @ 10 hr/ 1.75V | Stacking | Overall dimension | | | Weight (Kg) +/- 5% |
|--------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------------|
| | | | L(mm) +/- 5 | D(mm) +/- 5 | H(mm) +/- 10 | |
| NEPST | 200 | 1 stack, 4 mod /stack | 703 | 423 | 1122 | 352 |
| NEPST | 240 | 1 stack, 4 mod /stack | 703 | 423 | 1122 | 388 |
| NEPST | 280 | 1 stack, 4mod /stack | 703 | 423 | 1122 | 436 |
| NEPST | 300 | 1 stack, 4 mod /stack | 682 | 424 | 1218 | 460 |
| NEPST | 400 | 1 stack, 4 mod /stack | 733 | 415 | 1541 | 710 |

Table 2b : MST / NMST 48V System Configuration & Overall Dimension

| Battery type | Capacity @ 10 hr/ 1.75V | Stacking | Overall dimension | | | Weight (Kg) +/- 5% |
|--------------|-------------------------|---|-------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|
| | | | L(mm) +/- 10 | D(mm) +/- 10 | H(mm) +/- 10 | |
| NMST | 500 | 1 Stack, 6mod /stack | 789 | 540 | 1655 | 893 |
| NMST | 600 | 1 Stack, 6mod /stack | 789 | 540 | 1655 | 1002 |
| NMST | 800 | 3 Stack, 4 mod / stack | 1386 | 540 | 1577 | 1479 |
| NMST | 1000 | 3 Stack, 4 mod / stack | 1386 | 540 | 1577 | 1635 |
| NMST | 1250 | 4 Stack, 3 mod / stack | 1744 | 540 | 1658 | 2194 |
| NMST | 1500 | 4 Stack, 3 mod / stack | 1744 | 540 | 1658 | 2446 |
| NMST | 2000 | 6 Stack, 4 mod / stack | 2616 | 540 | 1573 | 3550 |
| NMST | 2500 | 6 Stack, 4 mod/ stack | 2616 | 540 | 2169 | 4365 |
| NMST | 3000 | 8 Stack, 3 mod / stack | 3488 | 540 | 1658 | 4892 |
| NMST | 4000 | 12 Stack, 4 mod / stack (Linear) | 5232 | 540 | 1573 | 7100 |
| NMST | 4000 | 12 Stack, 4 mod / stack (Back to Back) | 2616 | 1240 | 1573 | 7100 |
| NMST | 5000 | 12 Stack, 4 mod / stack (Linear) | 5232 | 540 | 2169 | 8730 |
| NMST | 5000 | 12 Stack, 4 mod / stack (Back to Back) | 2616 | 1240 | 2169 | 8730 |
| NMST | 6000 | 16 Stack, 3 mod / stack (Linear) | 6976 | 540 | 1658 | 9784 |

Table 3a : NEPST 24 V System Configuration & Overall Dimension

| Battery type | Capacity @ 10 hr/ 1.75V | Stacking | Overall dimension | | | Weight (Kg) +/- 5% |
|--------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|
| | | | L(mm) +/- 5 | D(mm) +/- 5 | H(mm) +/- 5 | |
| NEPST | 200 | 1 stack, 2 mod /stack | 703 | 423 | 586 | 180 |
| NEPST | 240 | 1 stack, 2 mod /stack | 703 | 423 | 586 | 200 |
| NEPST | 280 | 1 stack, 2 mod /stack | 703 | 423 | 586 | 220 |
| NEPST | 300 | 1 stack, 2 mod /stack | 682 | 424 | 634 | 235 |
| NEPST | 400 | 1 stack, 2 mod /stack | 733 | 415 | 833 | 364 |

Table 3b : MST & NMST 24V System Configuration & Overall Dimension

| Battery type | Capacity @ 10 hr/ 1.75V | Stacking | Overall dimension | | | Weight (Kg) +/- 5% |
|--------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|
| | | | L(mm) +/- 10 | D(mm) +/- 10 | H(mm) +/- 10 | |
| NMST | 500 | 1 Stack, 3mod /stack | 789 | 540 | 828 | 447 |
| NMST | 600 | 1 Stack, 3mod /stack | 789 | 540 | 828 | 501 |
| NMST | 800 | 3 Stack, 2 mod / stack | 1386 | 540 | 789 | 740 |
| NMST | 1000 | 3 Stack, 2 mod / stack | 1386 | 540 | 789 | 818 |
| NMST | 1250 | 2 Stack, 3 mod / stack | 872 | 540 | 1658 | 1097 |
| NMST | 1500 | 2 Stack, 3 mod / stack | 872 | 540 | 1658 | 1223 |
| NMST | 2000 | 3 Stack, 4 mod / stack | 1308 | 540 | 1573 | 1775 |
| NMST | 2500 | 3 Stack, 4 mod / stack | 1308 | 540 | 2169 | 2194 |
| NMST | 3000 | 4 Stack, 3 mod / stack | 1744 | 540 | 1658 | 2446 |
| NMST | 4000 | 6 Stack, 4 mod / stack (Linear) | 2616 | 540 | 1573 | 3550 |
| NMST | 5000 | 6 Stack, 4 mod / stack (Linear) | 2616 | 540 | 2169 | 4365 |
| NMST | 6000 | 8 Stack, 3 mod / stack (Linear) | 3488 | 540 | 1658 | 4892 |

Discharge Current in Amps at 27°C

Table 4a : NEPST Range

| | AH | ECV | 30min | 60min | 90min | 2hrs | 3hrs | 4hrs | 5hrs | 6hrs | 8hrs | 10hrs |
|-------|-----|------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| NEPST | 200 | 1.80 | 118 | 91 | 76 | 66 | 49 | 40 | 34 | 29 | 24 | 20 |
| | | 1.75 | 148 | 108 | 85 | 71 | 53 | 43 | 35 | 31 | 25 | 21 |
| | | 1.70 | 154 | 111 | 87 | 73 | 54 | 43 | 36 | 32 | 25 | 21 |
| NEPST | 240 | 1.80 | 141 | 109 | 91 | 79 | 59 | 48 | 40 | 35 | 28 | 24 |
| | | 1.75 | 178 | 129 | 102 | 85 | 63 | 51 | 42 | 37 | 30 | 25 |
| | | 1.70 | 185 | 133 | 105 | 87 | 65 | 52 | 44 | 38 | 30 | 26 |
| NEPST | 280 | 1.80 | 165 | 127 | 106 | 92 | 68 | 56 | 47 | 41 | 33 | 28 |
| | | 1.75 | 207 | 151 | 119 | 99 | 74 | 60 | 49 | 43 | 35 | 29 |
| | | 1.70 | 215 | 156 | 122 | 102 | 75 | 61 | 51 | 44 | 35 | 30 |
| NEPST | 300 | 1.80 | 176 | 136 | 114 | 98 | 73 | 60 | 50 | 44 | 36 | 30 |
| | | 1.75 | 222 | 161 | 127 | 106 | 79 | 64 | 53 | 47 | 37 | 31 |
| | | 1.70 | 231 | 167 | 131 | 109 | 81 | 65 | 55 | 48 | 38 | 32 |
| NEPST | 320 | 1.80 | 188 | 145 | 122 | 105 | 78 | 64 | 54 | 47 | 38 | 32 |
| | | 1.75 | 237 | 172 | 136 | 113 | 84 | 68 | 56 | 50 | 40 | 33 |
| | | 1.70 | 246 | 178 | 140 | 116 | 86 | 70 | 58 | 51 | 41 | 34 |

Discharge Current in Amps at 27°C



Table 4b : MST & NMST Range

| | AH | ECV | 30min | 60min | 90min | 2hrs | 3hrs | 4hrs | 5hrs | 6hrs | 8hrs | 10hrs |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| MST | 400 | 1.80 | 235 | 182 | 152 | 131 | 98 | 80 | 67 | 59 | 47 | 40 |
| | | 1.75 | 296 | 215 | 169 | 142 | 105 | 85 | 70 | 62 | 50 | 41 |
| | | 1.70 | 308 | 222 | 175 | 145 | 108 | 87 | 73 | 63 | 51 | 43 |
| NMST | 500 | 1.80 | 294 | 227 | 190 | 164 | 122 | 100 | 84 | 74 | 59 | 50 |
| | | 1.75 | 370 | 269 | 212 | 177 | 132 | 106 | 88 | 78 | 62 | 52 |
| | | 1.70 | 385 | 278 | 218 | 182 | 134 | 109 | 91 | 79 | 63 | 53 |
| NMST | 600 | 1.80 | 353 | 273 | 228 | 197 | 146 | 120 | 101 | 88 | 71 | 60 |
| | | 1.75 | 444 | 323 | 254 | 213 | 158 | 128 | 106 | 93 | 74 | 62 |
| | | 1.70 | 462 | 333 | 262 | 218 | 161 | 130 | 109 | 95 | 76 | 64 |
| NMST | 800 | 1.80 | 471 | 364 | 304 | 262 | 195 | 160 | 134 | 118 | 95 | 80 |
| | | 1.75 | 593 | 430 | 339 | 284 | 211 | 170 | 141 | 124 | 99 | 83 |
| | | 1.70 | 615 | 444 | 349 | 291 | 215 | 174 | 145 | 127 | 101 | 85 |
| NMST | 1000 | 1.80 | 588 | 455 | 380 | 328 | 244 | 200 | 168 | 147 | 118 | 100 |
| | | 1.75 | 741 | 538 | 424 | 355 | 263 | 213 | 176 | 155 | 124 | 104 |
| | | 1.70 | 769 | 556 | 437 | 364 | 269 | 217 | 182 | 159 | 127 | 106 |
| NMST | 1250 | 1.80 | 735 | 568 | 475 | 410 | 305 | 250 | 210 | 184 | 148 | 125 |
| | | 1.75 | 926 | 672 | 530 | 443 | 329 | 266 | 220 | 194 | 155 | 130 |
| | | 1.70 | 962 | 694 | 546 | 455 | 336 | 272 | 227 | 198 | 158 | 133 |
| NMST | 1500 | 1.80 | 882 | 682 | 570 | 492 | 366 | 300 | 252 | 221 | 178 | 150 |
| | | 1.75 | 1111 | 806 | 636 | 532 | 395 | 319 | 264 | 233 | 186 | 155 |
| | | 1.70 | 1154 | 833 | 655 | 545 | 403 | 326 | 273 | 238 | 190 | 160 |
| NMST | 2000 | 1.80 | 1176 | 909 | 760 | 656 | 488 | 400 | 336 | 294 | 237 | 200 |
| | | 1.75 | 1481 | 1075 | 847 | 709 | 526 | 426 | 352 | 310 | 248 | 207 |
| | | 1.70 | 1538 | 1111 | 873 | 727 | 538 | 435 | 364 | 317 | 253 | 213 |
| NMST | 2500 | 1.80 | 1471 | 1136 | 951 | 820 | 610 | 500 | 420 | 368 | 296 | 250 |
| | | 1.75 | 1852 | 1344 | 1059 | 887 | 658 | 532 | 441 | 388 | 310 | 259 |
| | | 1.70 | 1923 | 1389 | 1092 | 909 | 672 | 543 | 455 | 397 | 316 | 266 |
| NMST | 3000 | 1.80 | 1765 | 1364 | 1141 | 984 | 732 | 600 | 504 | 441 | 355 | 300 |
| | | 1.75 | 2222 | 1613 | 1271 | 1064 | 789 | 638 | 529 | 465 | 372 | 311 |
| | | 1.70 | 2308 | 1667 | 1310 | 1091 | 806 | 652 | 545 | 476 | 380 | 319 |
| NMST | 4000 | 1.80 | 2353 | 1818 | 1521 | 1311 | 976 | 800 | 672 | 588 | 473 | 400 |
| | | 1.75 | 2963 | 2151 | 1695 | 1418 | 1053 | 851 | 705 | 620 | 495 | 415 |
| | | 1.70 | 3077 | 2222 | 1747 | 1455 | 1075 | 870 | 727 | 635 | 506 | 426 |
| NMST | 5000 | 1.80 | 2941 | 2273 | 1901 | 1639 | 1220 | 1000 | 840 | 735 | 592 | 500 |
| | | 1.75 | 3704 | 2688 | 2119 | 1773 | 1316 | 1064 | 881 | 775 | 619 | 518 |
| | | 1.70 | 3846 | 2778 | 2183 | 1818 | 1344 | 1087 | 909 | 794 | 633 | 532 |
| NMST | 6000 | 1.80 | 3529 | 2727 | 2281 | 1967 | 1463 | 1200 | 1008 | 882 | 710 | 600 |
| | | 1.75 | 4444 | 3226 | 2542 | 2128 | 1579 | 1277 | 1057 | 930 | 743 | 622 |
| | | 1.70 | 4615 | 3333 | 2620 | 2182 | 1613 | 1304 | 1091 | 952 | 759 | 638 |

Additional Information

Regarding Exide Powersafe

Heat Dissipation:

A VRLA battery under normal float condition shall dissipate heat into the atmosphere. For the overall heat load calculation, taking into account a worst case operation, the rate of heat dissipation may be taken as 0.45 Watts/100 Ah C₁₀ capacity/cell.

Hydrogen Evolution:

Hydrogen gas evolved by a lead acid battery may be estimated from the following formula: Hydrogen gas evolved per hour = $0.45 \times 10^{-3} \times n \times I \times C \text{ m}^3$ at N.T.P.

where, n = number of 2V cells

I = Float current, 0.2 A/100 Ah for a VRLA cell

C = C₁₀ capacity of Cell

To design for the ventilation (air flow) requirement so that the hydrogen percentage in the air is always below 4% (lower explosive limit), the air flow rate may be estimated as:

$$Q = d \times s \times 0.45 \times 10^{-3} \times n \times I \times C \text{ m}^3/\text{hr}$$

Where, d = dilution ratio $(100 - 4)/4 = 24$

S = factor of safety, e.g. 5

For a VRLA, the above may be simplified as:

$$Q = 0.0108 \times n \times C$$

Ripple Current:

VRLA batteries should be charged by pure D.C. source only. For optimum life the A.C. ripple content should not exceed 5A per 100 Ah C₁₀ capacity.

Overdischarge:

Compared to the alkaline battery, the sealed lead acid battery is very sensitive to overdischarge resulting in failure to recover to normal capacity i.e reduction in capacity and shortened service life. Overdischarge also occurs by leaving the battery in a discharged state. The Exide powersafe VRLA type sealed lead acid battery overcomes this due to its alloy composition. If this battery is overdischarged and left standing in a discharged state for a few days, it can recover its original capacity when charged. However, it is recommended to avoid overdischarge situations as much as possible. Also check the following points when charging

Precautions:

- (1) Always perform constant voltage charging with 2.35 V/cell or constant current charging with 0.05 CA. The charge voltage of 2.25 V/cell may not be enough to recover to the capacity above. In this case repeat charge and discharge two or three times.
- (2) The original capacity can be recovered after two or three consecutive charge-discharge cycles. Beyond this limit, the battery may not recover its original capacity.

FAQ's

What is a VRLA battery ?

VRLA stands for Valve Regulated Lead Acid battery where in a valve is used to vent out the excess evolved Hydrogen. Concept of a VRLA battery is evolved, to make the practice of topping up obsolete. Exide Powersafe employs Absorbent Glass Matt (AGM) separator technology in the VRLA batteries.

At any point of time VRLA battery should not be topped up with water. Conversely, any battery that demands water after cycling cannot be a VRLA battery.

What are the parameters on which capacity of a battery is declared ?

Capacity of battery is declared with respect to rate of discharge, cut off voltage and temperature e.g. 1000 Ah @ C 10 to 1.75 End Cell Voltage (E.C.V) at 27°C means a discharge of 100 A (=1000Ah / 10h) from the battery for 10 hours at 27°C will result in end cell voltage of 1.75 V. 100 % capacity is obtained only during discharge at nominal rate of discharge. For higher rates, discharge curve / table to be referred.

When is the time to change a battery bank ?

Capacity (Ah) given by a battery diminishes with age and when it reaches 80 % of the rated capacity, battery bank needs to be changed. In the above example, if a 1000 Ah battery bank reaches 1.75 Volt per cell at the 8th hour while discharging 100 Amperes, battery has reached its end of life.

Which type of charger is recommended for Exide Powersafe VRLA ?

Constant Potential chargers with current limit facility (Constant Current Constant Potential type) chargers are to be used for charging VRLA batteries. Recharge current maximum limit to be set at 15 % of the rated capacity.

How does the alloy help in delivering better performance & What makes Exide Powersafe batteries give a better float performance ?

Alloy used in plates plays a major role in terms of battery performance & life. The float current requirement is totally dependent on alloy composition. Various types of alloys are used in plates of VRLA battery. Exide Powersafe uses Lead Calcium Tin alloy in both positive & negative plates. It is technically established that this alloy requires minimum float current than all other types of alloys like lead antimony or cadmium. This gives Exide Powersafe VRLA batteries a clear edge over other makes in terms of performance & life of battery in float application.

What is the advantage of modular arrangement in VRLA batteries ?

Modules can be stacked one over the other and overall bank dimension can be adjusted to meet the site requirement both in terms of foot print and floor loading.

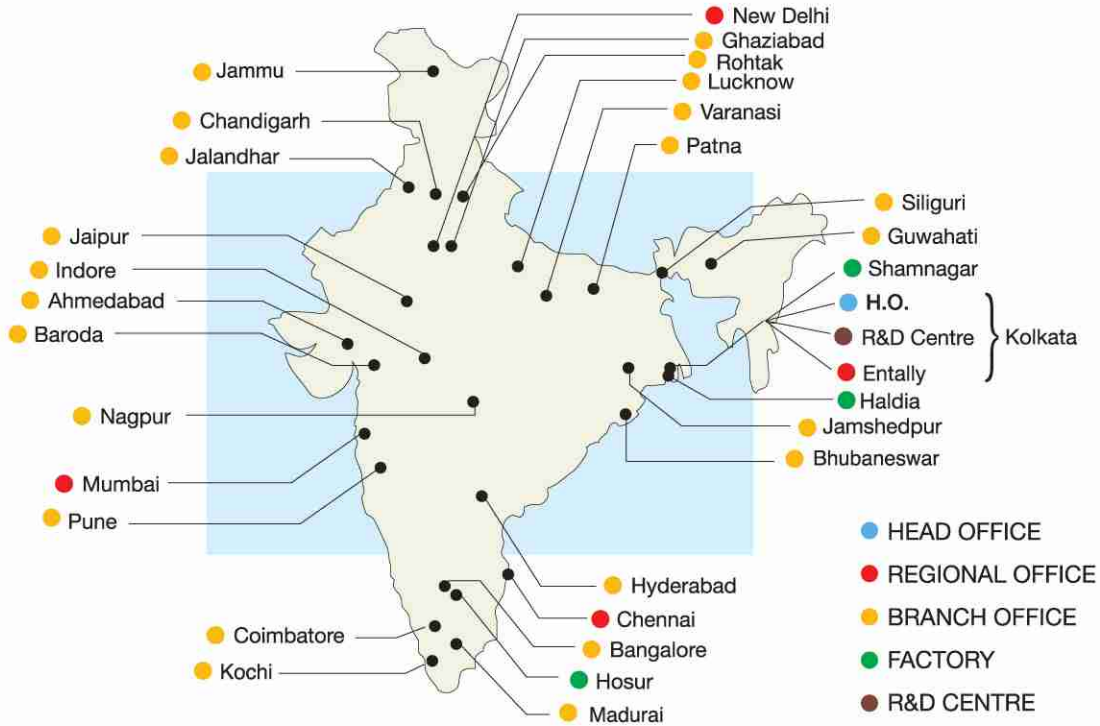
Why freshening charge is required in batteries even if the batteries are not discharged by external load ?

A battery gets discharged on its own when kept in idle condition (Not connected to load). This phenomenon is called as self discharge which is governed by the grid alloy, ambient temperature and other factors. In order to compensate the charge lost in self discharge, batteries are to be given a freshening charge on a periodic basis. Batteries are always put on a float mode for the same reason, where the battery picks up the required charge to remain in a full charge condition.

Is there any requirement of a separate battery room for VRLA batteries ?

Immobilised electrolyte ensures that there is no free acid in the VRLA battery. TIG welding followed by epoxy resin sealing ensures double assurance against acid leakage. Oxygen recombination technology effectively nullifies generation of gas during normal use. Hence there is no need for a separate battery room with costly acid proof flooring and elaborate air exhaust system as in conventional flooded installations.

NETWORK



For more information please contact us:

For Emergency Service requirements, please Contact at 18004255151

Registered Office : Exide Industries Ltd., Exide House, 59E, Chowringhee Road, Kolkata 700 020, Ph : (033) 2283 2120/2133, Fax : (033) 2283 2637/2283 2632
Corporate Marketing Office : 6A, Hatibagan Road, Kolkata - 700 014, Ph : (033) 2286 6158/59, Fax : (033) 2286 6186, **Factory Address :** Hosur Survey No. 246, Chinchurakanapalli Village, Sevaganapally Panchayat, Hosur Taluk, Dharmapuri Dist., Tamil Nadu - 635 103 Ph : (04344) 258251/258253, Fax : (04344) 258255,
R&D Address : 217, Nazrul Islam Avenue, Kolkata - 700 059, Ph : (033) 2500 5458/5225/5660, Fax : (33) 2500 5545

Regional & Branch Offices :

New Delhi : 'Exide House', 3E/1 Jhandewalan Extension, Link Road, New Delhi - 110055, Ph. : (011) 23627095/96/97/98, Fax : (011) 23555703 **Mumbai :** "RAHEJAS", 5th Floor, 8C Main Avenue. V.P. Road, Santacruz (West), Mumbai - 400 054, Ph: (022) 26465283/5284/5042, Fax: (022) 26465042, **Chennai :** 'Exide House', 21/22, Alandur Road, Guindy, Chennai-600032, Ph. : (044) 2250 0726 / 1326, 2250 0725 (Direct), Fax : (044) 2250 1216, **Kolkata :** 6A Hatibagan Road, Kolkata-700014, Ph. : (033) 22464560/90/22843137/2246 4563, Fax : (033) 22446555, **NORTH, Lucknow :** Exide Industries Limited, 11 M. G. Marg, Habibullah Estate, Hazratganj, Lucknow-226001, Ph. : (0522) 2220722/6971/2215280/281, Fax : (0522) 2218089, **Chandigarh :** Exide Industries Limited, Exide House, 177 H & I Industrial Area, Phase - 1, Chandigarh -160002, Ph. : (0172) 2654387/ 4553, Fax : (0172) 2654395, **Ghaziabad :** Exide Industries Limited, D-42 Patel Nagar 2nd, Ghaziabad, Ph. : (0120) 24734574, **Jalandhar :** Exide Industries Limited, Exide House, G. T. Road, Jalandhar-144001, Ph. : (0181) 2237870/874, Fax : (0181) 2459571, **Jaipur :** Exide Industries Limited, 65A, Suraj Nagar(w) Sodala, Ajmer Road, Jaipur 302006, Ph. : (0141) 2293704/2218004, Fax : (0141) 2369744, **Jammu :** Exide Industries Limited, Gupta Trading Co., Shop No. 194/6, Transport Nagar, Jammu, Ph.: (0191) 2476 377/577, **Rohtak (Haryana) :** Exide Industries Limited, 355/7, Babra Mahalla, Mata Gate, Rohtak (Haryana), Ph.: (01262) 245176, **SOUTH, Bangalore :** Exide Industries Limited, No 43/1, Rub Plaza, Industrial Suburb, Tumkur Road Yashwantpur Bangalore-560022, Ph. : (080) 2357 8672 / 41283493-95, Fax : 25599624, **Kochi :** Exide Industries Limited, No. 44/3331, Near TVS, Kaloor North, Kochi-682017, Ph. : (0484) 2409128 - Direct, Fax : (0484) 2537869, **Hyderabad :** Exide Industries Limited, 6-3571/2 Rockdale Compound, Somajiguda, Hyderabad 49, Ph. : (040) 26663958-Direct/23314826/4830, Fax : (040) 23399050, **Coimbatore :** Exide Industries Limited, No.29, Race Course Road, Opp. Masonic Hospital,, Coimbatore-641018, Ph.: (0422) 2211737/1846, Fax : (0422) 2211296, **WEST :** Apeejay Chambers, Wallace Street, Fort, Mumbai-400001, Ph. : (022) 2646 5283/2646 5284, Fax (022) 22078631, **Ahmedabad :** Exide Industries Limited 201, Shubham Complex, Opp. Prerna Towers, Corner of Sunrise Park, Vastrapur, Ahmedabad 380001, Ph. : (079) 26856697 (Direct)/26698/9661, Fax : (079) 26752611, **Nagpur :** Exide Industries Limited, Exide House, Katol Road, Nagpur - 440013, Ph. : (0712) 561 5883/1140/259 4722, Fax : (0712) 2541479, **Indore :** Exide Industries Limited, 9A, Manoramaganj, Opp. DIG Bunglow, A. B. Road, Indore- 452001, Ph. : (0731) 2491337/3395/2493163, Fax : (0731) 2493395, **Vadodara :** A/21, Gulabvatika, Tandalya Road, Old pandra road, Vadodara - 390 007, Ph : (0265) 2354240, Fax : (0265) 56011083/84/85/86, **Pune :** Exide Industries Limited, 1, Riverview Apts. # 4, North Main Road, Koregaon Park, Pune - 411 001, Ph. : (020) 24011083/84/85/86, Fax : (020) 2612 6426, **EAST : Bhubaneswar,** Plot No. 362/3855, Ananta Niwas, Opp. Bhubaneswar Municipal Corpn., Goutam Nagar, Bhubaneswar - 751 014, Ph. 0674 2431385/1847, **Jamshedpur :** Exide Industries Limited, Room No. 309, Yash Kamal Complex, 3rd Floor, Main Road, Bistupur, Jamshedpur, Ph : (0657) 2426 847, Fax : (0657) 2428349/435152, **Guwahati :** Exide Industries Limited, C/o Al & C. Co. G S Road, Near car Ghar, Ganeshguri, Dispur, **Guwahati :** 781 005, Ph : (0361) 220500/220119, **Patna :** Exide Industries Limited, B/25 Shrikrishna Puri, Patna (Bihar)-800 001, Ph. : (0612) 2231569/2226632/211040, Fax : (0612) 2231569

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